FILED IN CLERK'S OFFICE US DISTRICT COURT E.D.N.Y. * JANUARY 26, 2024 * KTF:MJC **BROOKLYN OFFICE** F. #2023R00612 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK UNITED STATES OF AMERICA INDICTMENT Cr. No. 24-CR-37 - against -(T. 18, U.S.C., §§ 924(c)(1)(A)(i), JAMEL BERRY, 924(c)(1)(A)(ii), 924(c)(1)(A)(iii), JOSEPH JOHNSON. 924(d)(1), 981(a)(1)(C), 1951(a), 2 and

Defendants.

Judge Ramon E. Reyes, Jr Magistrate JudgeTaryn A. Merkl

3551 et seq.; T. 21, U.S.C., § 853(p);

T. 28, U.S.C., § 2461(c))

THE GRAND JURY CHARGES:

ZHONG WANG,

COUNT ONE

(Hobbs Act Robbery Conspiracy)

1. On or about July 19, 2023, within the Eastern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendants JAMEL BERRY, JOSEPH JOHNSON and ZHONG WANG, together with others, did knowingly and intentionally conspire to obstruct, delay and affect commerce, and the movement of articles and commodities in commerce, by robbery, to wit: the robbery of United States currency from an unlicensed gambling establishment located in Flushing, Queens, New York (the "Gambling Parlor"), an entity the identity of which is known to the Grand Jury.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1951(a) and 3551 et seq.)

COUNT TWO (Hobbs Act Robbery)

2. On or about July 19, 2023, within the Eastern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendants JAMEL BERRY, JOSEPH JOHNSON and

ZHONG WANG, together with others, did knowingly and intentionally obstruct, delay and affect commerce, and the movement of articles and commodities in commerce, by robbery, to wit: the robbery of United States currency from the Gambling Parlor.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1951(a), 2 and 3551 et seq.)

COUNT THREE

(Possessing, Brandishing and Discharging a Firearm During a Crime of Violence)

3. On or about July 19, 2023, within the Eastern District of New York and elsewhere, the defendants JAMEL BERRY, JOSEPH JOHNSON and ZHONG WANG, together with others, did knowingly and intentionally use and carry a firearm during and in relation to a crime of violence, to wit: the crime charged in Count Two, and did knowingly and intentionally possess such firearm in furtherance of such crime of violence, which firearm was brandished and discharged.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A)(i), 924(c)(1)(A)(ii), 924(c)(1)(A)(iii), 2 and 3551 et seq.)

CRIMINAL FORFEITURE ALLEGATION AS TO COUNTS ONE AND TWO

4. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendants that, upon their conviction of either of the offenses charged in Counts One or Two, the government will seek forfeiture in accordance with: (a) Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), which requires any person convicted of such offense to forfeit any property, real or personal, constituting or derived from proceeds obtained directly or indirectly as a result of such offenses; and (b) Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(d)(1) and Title 28, United States Code, 2461(c), which require the forfeiture of any firearm or ammunition involved in or used in any violation of any other criminal law of the United States.

- 5. If any of the above-described forfeitable property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendants:
 - (a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
 - (b) has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;
 - (c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;
 - (d) has been substantially diminished in value; or
 - (e) has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided

without difficulty;

it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), to seek forfeiture of any other property of the defendants up to the value of the forfeitable property described in this forfeiture allegation.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(d)(1) and 981(a)(1)(C); Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p); Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c))

CRIMINAL FORFEITURE ALLEGATION AS TO COUNT THREE

- 6. The United States hereby gives notice to the defendants that, upon their conviction of the offense charged in Count Three, the government will seek forfeiture in accordance with Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(d)(1) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), which require the forfeiture of any firearm or ammunition involved in or used in any knowing violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 922 or Section 924.
- 7. If any of the above-described forfeitable property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant:
 - (a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
 - (b) has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third party;

(c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the court;

(d) has been substantially diminished in value; or

(e) has been commingled with other property which cannot be divided

without difficulty;

it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), to seek forfeiture of any other property of the defendants up to the value of the forfeitable property described in this forfeiture allegation.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 924(d)(1); Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p); Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c))

A TRUE BILL

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FOREPERSON

By J. Matthew Haggans, Asst. U.S. Attorney

BREON PEACE

UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

F.# #2023R00612 FORM DBD-34 JUN. 85

No.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN District of NEW YORK

CRIMINAL DIVISION

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

VS.

JAMEL BERRY, ZHONG WANG,

Defendants.

INDICTMENT

(T. 18, U.S.C., §§ 924(c)(1)(A)(i), 924(c)(1)(A)(ii), 924(c)(1)(A)(iii), 924(d)(1), 981(a)(1)(C), 1951(a), 2 and 3551 et seq.; T. 21, U.S.C., § 853(p);

T. 28, U.S.C. \$ 2461(c))